Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN, ROYAL-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XVIII.] THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1818. [No. 5142.

For the prevention and cure of
BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS
is recommended
HAHN's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance: they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficatious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

—

Hamilton's Elixir,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—To parents who have children afflicted with the *HOOPING COUGH*, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

—

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders	Violent cramps in
Consumptions	the stomach and
Lowness of spirits	back
Loss of appetite	Indigestion
Impurity of blood	Melancholy
Hysteric'l affection	Gout in the stomach
Inward weaknesses	Pains in the limbs
and debility	Relaxations, etc.

—

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, etc. etc.

—

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

—

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaister.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving any pain.

—

The Genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflamatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

—

Hahn's genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

—

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

—

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

☞ At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
september 26 King-st. Alexandria.

For Hamburg,

The schooner ELLEN, Josiah Bartlett master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged and on board, will sail on or about the 15th Feb. For freight of a few hhds. or passage, apply to BARNEWALL & POPHAM.
January 28 tf

For Sale or Freight,

The ship MARIA, burthen 3500 barrels, is an excellent vessel, in complete order for the immediate reception of a cargo—the whole or part of her will be sold low, or she will take freight on moderate terms.

Also, for Freight,

The ship WILHELMINA, John Baxter master, burthen 4000 barrels, is an excellent vessel, and can be ready in a few days to take a cargo on board. Apply to LAWRASON & FOWLE.
January 28

For Freight,

The superior brig ABEONA, Ansel Lewis master, burthen 2000 barrels, is in excellent order, and can be ready in a few days to receive a cargo on board.

Also, for Freight,

The brig WASHINGTON, captain Picket, burthen about 1400 barrels, a good vessel, and in complete order for any voyage.
Apply to
LAWRASON & FOWLE.

For Rotterdam,

The brig COMMERCE, John Wade master, has the principal part of her cargo ready to go on board, and will commence loading in four days. For freight of 40 hhds. apply to
LAWRASON & FOWLE.

For Cadiz,

The brig BOSTON, capt. Knowles, has half her cargo ready, and will commence loading in a few days—300 bbls. will be taken at a moderate freight
Apply as above. Dec. 10

French Plaster & Burr Stones.

THE cargo of the ship Atlas, Charles Jennison, master, from Havre, of
370 tons plaster
290 burr stones—for sale by
LAWRASON & FOWLE.

ALSO,

The cargo of the brig Mungo Park, C. Lincoln, master, from Boston, of
17 pipes } Sicily Madeira wine,
2 hf pipes } of superior quality
15 sacks filberts
100 tons plaster

For Freight,

The superior ship ATLAS, Ch. Jennison master, burthen 4400 bbls. has performed but one voyage, is in complete order, and can be ready in a few days for the reception of a cargo.

Burr Mill Stones

JOHN S. BROWN & Co. inform the public that they have on hand a large supply of Burr Mill Stones, which they continue to make at their manufactory, on Patrick, near King street, and will warrant them to be equal in quality to any made in the United States, which they will sell at the most reduced prices for cash. Dec. 2—tuthstf

Otto of Roses.

JUST received by the subscribers, a quantity of the above elegant article, for sale by the dozen or otherwise.
JAS KENNEDY & SON.
November 19. mwftf

This Day Landing,

FROM on board the brig Benefactor, Captain Howland, from Marseilles, and for sale by N. KEENE,
Hermitage & Muscatel wines in cases
Hats in boxes
Figs in do.
Prunes in do.
Corks in bags
Writing and Wrapping Paper in bales
80 sacks salt.

HE HAS IN STORE,

30 bales German Linens
150 boxes Raisins
18 qr. casks Sherry Wine, sup. q'y.
1000 bushels Cadiz Salt.
January 13 tf

Little River Turnpike Comp.

JANUARY 12, 1818.

A DIVIDEND of six per cent. for the year ending on the 31st December, 1817, is this day declared, and will be paid to the stockholders in this company or their legal representatives, on demand
By order of the stockholders,
JONAH THOMPSON, Treas.
January 14 wfm1m

L. P. Madeira.

A FEW casks Mess. Murdock, Youille, Wardrop & Co's London Particular Madeira, of fine quality, for sale by
Jan 31 W. HODGSON.

Butter, Cheese, &c.

150 KEGS nice Bath butter, fit for family use
500 lbs. English Cheshire cheese
Just received and for sale by
WM. GILHAM.
December 17 dtf

Lawrason & Fowle

WILL purchase MARYLAND and VIRGINIA TOBACCO.
November 17

Patons & Butcher

HAVE received, and offer for sale, an assortment of TEN PLATE STOVES, handsome patterns, finished complete. 10th mo. 15

Notice.

THE Subscriber having taken into partnership Mr. Thomas Irwin, Jr. the business in future will be conducted under the firm of CATLETT & IRWIN. All those having claims against me, are requested to present them and receive their money; and all those indebted, are respectfully solicited to make payment with as little delay as possible.
CHARLES I. CATLETT.

For Sale,

157 bales and boxes burlaps, ticklenburgs, oznaburgs, hessians, creas, platillas, estopillas, brittanies, cholets and dowlas
200 boxes consisting of half pint, pint, quart tumblers and decanters
20 boxes elegant cut glass, containing cordial glasses, wines, tumblers, pitchers, plates and dishes
200 boxes window glass, 8 by 10 and and 10 by 12
80 chests hyson and imperial teas } Entitled to debenture.
4000 pieces short yellow nankeens
2000 do. long yellow do.
167 boxes India China, consisting of dining setts, tea setts, cups and saucers, pint bowls, dining and desert plates, flat and deep
6 pipes, 10 half pipes and 20 quarter casks very sup. London Particular Madeira Wine, from Gordon, Duff, Inglis & Co.
German steel, very sup. quality, copper pots and tea-kettles, soap, candles, and nails—for sale on reasonable terms.
CATLETT & IRWIN.
October 11.

Tanning and Currying.

JOSEPH HESTON continues to carry on the above business at his old stand in Prince street, between Water and Union streets, where he will be always ready to execute orders in his line with promptness and de-patch.

He keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of

Leather,

of as various qualities as can be found in any shop in the District—which he will dispose of at very low prices for cash.
11 mo. 6 tf

Lawrason & Fowle

HAVE for sale, landing from the schr. Mary & Polly, captain Taylor, from Boston,
50 barrels Muscovado sugars
10 chests Imperial tea, of superior quality
8 bags pepper
25 boxes figs Jan. 24

For Sale,

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT,
DR. DEAN'S
Genuine Vegetable Rheumatic
PILLS,

So celebrated in New-England for the many remarkable cures which they have wrought, some of which are particularized in the papers of directions, where many thousand boxes are used annually to general satisfaction.

These pills are recommended by some of the first characters in the state of Massachusetts.

JAMES KENNEDY & SON.
January 20

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from my service, on the 10th inst. my mulatto house-servant GEORGE, between 18 and 19 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, slender made, pug nose, bushy hair, half of one of his upper front teeth broken off—he is very artful and forward, and a capable house-servant—he took with him a variety of clothing. I will give the above reward, if secured in any jail, so that I get him again, and will pay all reasonable charges if brought home. Masters of vessels and others are forewarned from employing or carrying off said servant at their peril. C. F. WHITING.
Morven, near Alexandria, } stathtf
september 18 }

Seine Twine.

JUST received and for sale, a few casks of SEINE TWINE of good quality. JOSIAH H. DAVIS.
January 23 2w

Potatoes.

FOR SALE on board the brig Washington, at Lawrason & Fowle's whf. A quantity of Potatoes, of superior quality. January 8

Sicily Madeira Wine.

LANDING from the schr Phoebe and Sally, Capt. Harding, and for sale by LAWRASON & FOWLE,
18 pipes old Sicily Madeira Wine of a superior quality.
50 boxes yellow soap.

ALSO,

Landing from schooner Dolphin, from Portland,
70 bolts first quality Russia duck.
40 do. do. Raven's do.
5 tons Russia hemp.
For sale as above.
November 21

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, } 1817
Alexandria county, }

IN CHANCERY.

William Paton, John B. Paton and Jonathan Butcher, joint merchants and copartners in trade under the firm of Patons & Butcher, *Complainants,*

AGAINST

Thomas Amiss, James English, David Black Jr. and James Anderson, *Def'ts.*

THE defendant Thomas Amiss, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Thomas Amiss is not an inhabitant of this district—On motion of the said complainants by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant Thomas Amiss, do appear here on the first day of the next court, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants, James English, David Black, Jr. and James Anderson, do not pay away, convey, or secrete the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent def'd't Thomas Amiss, until the further order or decree of this court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.
Test G. DENEALE, c. c.
January 29

ENGLISH AND GERMAN

ALMANACS, for 1818,

Just published and for sale by the gross, dozen or single one,
By JOHN A. STEWART,
Who has on hand,
a large stock of writing and letter paper, pasteboards, slates, blank books, quills, sealing wax, wafers, playing cards, and paper for rooms.

ALSO,

Family and common bibles and testaments, prayer books, psalm and hymn books, with many other established religious works of merit. A general assortment of

School Books,

Among which are, the Greek and Latin Classics, Dilworth's, Webster's, Mavor's, Comley's, Murray's, Columbian and Philadelphia spelling books, Murray's, Webster's, Ashe's and Comley's grammars, Murray's Primer, Introduction, Reader, Exercises and Key, Am. Class Book, Blair's Reading Exercises, New Introduction to Reading, New-York Reader, No. 1, 2 and 3, Scott's Lessons, Enfield's Speaker, Goldsmith's England, Rome and Greece, Webster's Selection, American Speaker, Dodsley's and Croxall's Fables, Blair's Grammar of Chemistry, O'Neal's and Willet's Geography, Dilworth's, Tutor's, Jesse's & Jaudon's Arithmetic, Johnson's, Sheridan's, and Walker's Dictionary, Atlasses and Maps, etc. etc. together with a large stock of Law, History and Miscellany.

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal discount. August 21

THE Columbian Insurance Company of Alexandria, continue to insure buildings, furniture, merchandize and other property, from loss by fire. The conditions and terms may be learned upon application at their office, next door to the City Hotel, and will be found as moderate and equitable as those of any other company.

The rates of premium are calculated in reference to the actual risk of property, and are as low as 25 cents per 100 dollars per annum for hazards of the best description, increasing proportionably for risks of a more hazardous nature. Insurances may be made for one or more years, or shorter periods.
Columbian Insurance Office, Feb. 20

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water Streets,
Dry Goods, Groceries, &c:
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

☞ All kind of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. MARSTELLER.
November 27

British & American Stationary.

JUST received, for sale by the subscribers, a complete assortment of STATIONARY ARTICLES,

CONSISTING OF

Superfine folio & quarto post, hot pressed, gilt and plain; best vellum and common foolscap paper, drawing, log, ironmonger's, large wrapping & blotting do.; a large quantity of quills of all prices, Dutch, English and American; very best inkpowder; Japan & India ink; Clout's durable do.; Crehore's and Humphreys' hot pressed eagle cards; invitation and visiting ditto, plain, gilt and embossed; best black lead and camels' hair pencils and crayons; Reeves's genuine colors in large and small boxes and single cakes; pen-knives of the very first quality, from one to eight blades, and desk knives; ivory folders; Egyptian, pewter, glass, plated and pocket inkstands of all sorts; gentlemen's and ladies' elegant real Morocco pocket books, silver mounted, with and without instruments; ladies' thread cases and work boxes fine and common; pocket books of every description; asses' skin tablets; sealing wax and wafers; sand and pounce boxes, and ink sand; counting house files and laces; violin strings, German & Roman; slates and pencils; India rubber; silver and plated pencil cases, wafer seals; plated spectacles; Gunter's scales and dividers; mathematical instruments in cases, and a great variety of room hangings.

THEY HAVE ALSO ON HAND,

A good assortment of charts; Blunt's West-India Atlas; coast pilot and Bow ditch's navigator, of the latest edition; fine toned German flutes, with books of instruction for do. and all other instruments; a large assortment of music & music books; merchants' account books of every description; record ditto; cyphering and copy books; copperplate copies of very superior kinds; bibles, testaments, and common prayer books of all sizes and in all the various kinds of binding—all the Greek & Latin school books and classics now in use.

A general assortment of English and French School Books, Dictionaries and Grammars, too numerous for insertion—and a great variety of Children's Books, in quantity, with engravings, from the press of Samuel Wood and others.

☞ Blank Books of every kind made to any pattern in the neatest manner and of the best materials.

JAMES KENNEDY & SON.
september 6 stuthtf

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term. } 1817
Alexandria county, }

IN CHANCERY.

Edgar Patterson, *Complainant,*

AGAINST

Washington Bowie, Isabella Braidwood, Eliza Ward, George Dennis, Samuel John Neill, Thomas Braidwood, Mary Green, Henry Green, Ann Green, Mary Green and Martha Green, widow and children and heirs of Francis Green, deceased, *Defendants.*

THE defendants Isabella Braidwood, Eliza Ward, George Dennis, Samuel John Neill, Thos. Braidwood, Mary Green, Henry Green, Ann Green, Mary Green the younger, and Martha Green, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said Isabella Braidwood, Eliza Ward, George Dennis, Samuel John Neill, Thomas Braidwood, Mary Green, Henry Green, Ann Green, Mary Green the younger, and Martha Green, are not inhabitants of this district: On motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said Isabella Braidwood, Eliza Ward, George Dennis, Samuel John Neill, Thos. Braidwood, Mary Green, Henry Green, Ann Green, Mary Green the younger, and Martha Green, do appear here on the first day of the next court, and enter their appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.
Test, G. DENEALE, c. c.
January 29

Sales at Auction.

On Wednesdays and Saturdays,
WILL BE OFFERED,
At the Auction Office on Union street, Between King and Prince—

AN extensive and general assortment of seasonable Goods, of British, French, German, India, and Domestic Manufacture, which will be well selected, and well worthy the attention of town and country merchants and others; as the undersigned will be abundantly supplied from the manufactors and their friends in Boston, New York and Philadelphia—which will give to gentlemen an opportunity of laying in their goods on as good terms as they can be in those cities; taking into view the difference of Exchange, etc. etc.

The particular description of goods will be advertised in the papers of the day.

Consignments strictly attended to and liberal advances made if desirable.
JOHN JACKSON & Co.

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, } 1817
Alexandria county, }

IN CHANCERY.

Wm. Jones & Comp. Complainants,

AGAINST

Henry Van West, John Johnston and Triplett & Neale, Defendants.

THE defendant Henry Van West not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said defendant Henry Van West is not an inhabitant of this district—On motion of the complainants by their counsel it is ordered that the said Henry Van West do appear here on the first day of the next court and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants John Johnston and Triplett & Neale do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Henry Van West until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of the said county. Test G. DENEALE, c. c.
February 2

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, } 1817
Alexandria county, }

IN CHANCERY.

John I. Behoee, Complainant,

AGAINST

Beckwith Butler and John McKeel, Defendants.

THE defendant John McKeel not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said John McKeel is not an inhabitant of this district—On motion of the said complainant by his counsel it is ordered that the said defendant John McKeel do appear here on the first day of the next court and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant Beckwith Butler do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant John McKeel until the further order or decree of this court—and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.
Test G. DENEALE, c. c.
February 2

100 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from Peter Graham, living near Middleburg, Loudoun county, Va. on the night of the 25th of March last, a very likely Negro girl, named ANN, purchased of Wm. Noland, living at Aldie, Loudoun county, whose family she was raised in. She is of a yellow complexion, round faced, thick lips, with large staring eyes, and rather delicate featured for a slave;—small feet, a tolerable ready speech, and mild with it; about 18 years of age, middle size, and very well made; rather thick, about 5 feet high from appearance. She had on when she went away a dress of coating cloth, made in a coat and jacket, with skirts of a brown snuff color. I have reason to believe she is in or near Philadelphia or New-York. I will give fifty dollars reward if taken in Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, or Fairfax counties, or the District of Columbia, if taken in any other county or state, and secured in any jail, so that I obtain information and get her, I will give one hundred dollars, and all reasonable charges paid in either case, if brought home.
ELIAS P. LEGG.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE
AND DAILY ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL-STREET.

Daily Gazette $7—*Country Gazette* $5.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1818.

From Poulson's Philad. Advertiser.

TO MELANCHOLY.

Goddess of gloom! oh, haste away,
And take thy airy flight;
Leave, quickly leave these realms of day,
And dwell in endless night:
For thee, no visage bright
Is willing subject to thy frowning sway.

Disperse afar thy sullen power,
My breast from troubles free;
Oh! let me pass one peaceful hour
Of blest festivity—
Then I alone shall be
A happy guest in quiet's harmless bower.

Wan Melancholy! I see thee come,
With aspect stern and grave,
Riding through midnight shadows dun,
And o'er my pillow wave;
What eye thy frown can brave,
Thy woful mien, thy sad'ning influence shun.

In silent realms of solitude,
Amid the lonely dell,
Thou sitt'st intent—in mournful mood,
On mournful musings dwell;
Oh! who thy power can tell,
But he who feels within thy steps intrude.

A SMART REPARTEE.

Swift.

Cries Sylvia to a reverend Dean,
"What reason can be given,
(Since marriage is an holy thing)
That there are none in heaven?"
"There are no women," he replied—
She quick returns the jest—
"Women there are, but I'm afraid
They cannot find a priest."

PRESENTMENT OF HORSE-RACING.

December Term 1817.

The Grand Jurors for the county of Washington, in the District of Columbia, feeling that they cannot otherwise faithfully discharge the trust reposed in them, beg leave to call the attention of the court to the consideration of a great and growing evil to the community whose interest they represent. It would ill become them (as they conceive) to allow all their time and deliberation to the detection of ordinary offenders against society, and to bring down the arm of the law upon a crowd of petty culprits, while the fruitful parent of most of the vice and profligacy is not only untouched, but encouraged.

The Grand Jurors allude to the practice of public races in this county, which they represent as a great and unquestionable source of vice and wretchedness. Its effects upon every class of society have long been seriously felt; the waste of money and of time affect every class and description of our citizens;—even those who are restrained from moral or religious feelings from countenancing these scenes of iniquity by their presence, yet feel it in their families and their dependants.

But this consideration is small, compared with its effects upon the habits and morals of other classes of society. The Gambler and the Sharper take possession of every part of the field during the day, and every part of the city and town in the night, to impose upon the weak, and to allure the thoughtless and inexperienced, and numbers, every season, fall a sacrifice to these harpies of society. No person is so low as to be beneath the practice of their arts, and no sum is too small for their cupidity.—Numbers who are led to these sports from curiosity are allured by various arts to the gambling table, and there stripped of all the hard earnings of the season; and are thus drawn to drunkenness and idleness themselves, and their families to beggary.

It is a well known fact that gentlemen who were formerly members have withdrawn in disgust and principally on account of gross scenes of intemperance, connected with the evil effects of gambling. And although there are still respectable persons interested from other motives, yet it is equally certain that these races are generally kept up by gamblers and sharpers, for collecting people together, the more easily to reduce them to ruin. Nor do the evils cease with the races; a taste for gambling and dissipation having been once created, and facilities afforded for their gratification, the places for gambling are continued open for months to the incalculable injury of the public, eluding all the penalties of the law and the vigilance of its officers. The injury resulting by the loss of time and property, and other effects upon the morals of society, have become too great in the opinion of the Grand Jury, longer to be overlooked by a wise legislature.

The Grand Jury therefore hope, that the honorable Court will present this subject to Congress, in such a manner as they may deem proper, and that a law will be passed prohibiting the exhibition of races in the District of Columbia.

SAMUEL N. SMALLWOOD,
Foreman.

ALEXANDRIA:
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1818.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT WASHINGTON.

Wednesday, February 4, 1818.

Mr. Tremble yesterday offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the demand made by the President of the United States upon the king of Spain for the liberation of Richard W. Meade, a citizen of the United States, detained in confinement in the Castle of Santa Catalina at Cadiz, ought to be supported and enforced by vesting the President with the authority to make reprisals in the event of a failure on the part of Spain promptly to discharge the said Meade.

Mr. Tremble said that a perusal of the documents laid before the house would prove that all which he had stated on a former occasion respecting Mr. Meade was strictly correct, and that the conduct of Spain was wantonly unjust. The demand of the President was, he confessed, a pretty strong one, and as in case of hostility being adviseable, the executive could do nothing without the concurrence and aid of congress, the house ought to express their determination to support the President with authority to enforce compliance.

Mr. Lowndes said there were two questions for the consideration of the house—the first, whether it was necessary to act at all—the second, whether, if it were so, the proposed was the proper mode of proceeding. In answer to the first, he would say, that it was very doubtful whether that now in consideration was a proper subject for controversy;—and that if it was, the proposition of the gentleman was too precipitate. He should, therefore, while he disavowed any intention to entirely get rid of the resolution, move that it be laid upon the table.

Mr. Pitkin agreed with Mr. Lowndes, and expressed himself as at a loss to imagine how they could in such a case make *reprisals*.

Mr. Tremble said that he had purposely made the resolution general, in order that it should, if thought necessary, be modified. He had no objection to its being laid for some time on the table.

The resolution was accordingly laid upon the table.

MAJOR GENERAL ST. CLAIR.

The house, in a committee of the whole, then resumed the discussion on the case of general St. Clair, when a speech was made by Mr. Strother in favor of Mr. Forsyth's amendment, in which the application of the word *charity* to the claims of the old veteran was taken up by general Reed; who said that there was nothing in the case to countenance the suggestion that the general called on the house for its charity. No—if he wanted charity, it is not there he would apply—he would send for it more naturally to the Society of Ladies at New-York—those ministering angels from whose hands he had already received assistance in his distress. No—there was not a word about charity, but about just and rightful claims, in his application. To show this general Reed called to have the petition read, which, along with the report of 1810 and 1811, were read; the former of those reports acknowledges the money to be due, but pleads the statute of limitation, while the latter states that it ought to be granted.

Mr. Taylor of N. Y. said that the committee granted the 5000 dollars not as an act of justice, but as an act of charity—and it was on that ground that he would vote against Mr. Forsyth's amendment.

Mr. Hopkinson said that from the outset of the business, a disposition appeared to make a provision for this venerable old officer—and now they were only differing about the manner of conferring it on him. He owned that he had always considered it merely in the light of a gratuity; but as in the course of discussion the merits of the case opened upon him, his opinion underwent a change, and he was now clear that general St. Clair had as indisputable a claim as ever was laid before any public body in the world.—When the house, then, must be satisfied of the justice of the claim, he could not see why they should not look back, and viewing the circumstances under which that debt was incurred, examine the grounds it afforded for gratitude—why they should not own that it was by far the most gloomy period of the existence of this republic—when its condition was next to hopeless, that this faithful citizen gave to it his property without thinking that it could ever be returned—so desperate indeed was our cause, that he who ventured to trust the public cause with money, must have been actuated by the most noble motives. In lending this money, general St. Clair risked not only his money but his life, which if we had failed, (a circumstance at that time not improbable) he would have been hanged for aiding and abetting rebels. "Where were we all (said Mr. Hopkinson) when he was braving the pelting of that pitiless storm?—Some were not born—and some slept in perfect security under the protection of that very arm, and those of the other great men of that day—men for whom I have ever felt and must always entertain such sentiments as I never can for others—they were indeed a peculiar set of men, and my sentiments with respect to them will ever be peculiar also. By one of them a long standing debt is now called for—the nation is rich and great and powerful—and he who made you great now asks *only justice* at your hands." Mr. Hopkinson then proceeded to demonstrate that the validity of general St. Clair's claim, and the evidence of his debt was substantiated by the act of 1810—he cared not for vouchers, it was enough that government passed that act upon them. He did not call in question the motives of those who passed it—their motives had nothing to do with the case—solemn statutes were not to be construed in that way. The claim, therefore, was established by the records of that house.—How then could gentlemen flatter themselves that in satisfying this claim they were conferring a gratuity? In like manner the act of 1810 was conclusive against the operation of the statute of limitation—that acknowledgment of the debt took it out of the statute.

Mr. Hopkinson went through all the objections that had been raised against the claim with great ingenuity, and repelled the suggestion that it was disrespectful to the congress of 1810 to impeach its act, by observing that the congress of 1811 had re-examined that of 1810, and why should not that of 1818 do the same? Why should it not do that justice which had been left undone? A gentleman had said that the act of 1810 was a compromise between justice and charity—No, (said Mr. Hopkinson) it was a compromise between power and poverty—between force and decrepitude—so far from being an act in which Gen. St. Clair had any hand, he protested against it with mixed indignation & grief—he wept at it—those eyes which looked the enemies of this country in the face poured forth streams of tears—that bosom which had ever been open to the bayonets of our enemies sunk under the agonising sense of ingratitude. But he was borne down by necessity—and the hero sunk into a poor, weak, old man, as full of grief as years.

I have already gone beyond my mark and sincerely regret that I am compelled to leave out a great part of Mr. Hopkinson's speech and the whole of Mr. Clay's able reply to it.

At a late hour the committee rose.—I hope to-morrow will close this sad affair.

The Supreme Court of the U. States convened at the Capitol yesterday, being the day fixed by law for the commencement of their annual term. All the judges were present, viz: chief justice Marshall, and associate judges Washington, Livingston, Johnston, Todd, Duval and Story. The court organized itself forthwith, and proceeds to business at eleven o'clock this day.

[*Nat. Int. Feb.* 3.

From the annual report from the Department of State to Congress, respecting patents, it appears that the number issued during the year 1817 was upwards of one hundred and seventy, for improvements in almost every description of machinery and manufactures. [*ibid.*

MISSION TO CAPE HENRY, (HAYTI.)

We understand from a correct source, that the United States' sloop of war Hornet is under sailing orders for Cape Henry, (Hayti) and that an ambassador will proceed in her to demand from the king of Hayti indemnification for sequestered American property. [*Balt. Fed. Rep.*

Extract to the editor of the Baltimore Patriot, dated

Washington, Jan. 30.

It is reported that advices have been received at the War Department from Amelia Island, that a Spanish fleet has left St. Augustine with 2,000 troops on board. Whether those troops are to be employed against the Americans at Amelia is yet to be ascertained; or whether the government of the United States intends to hold that post longer than a Spanish force sufficient to hold it is sent to occupy it, is not known out of doors.

General Jackson is taking efficient measures to chastise the hostile (Seminole) Indians. He has called for 1,000 mounted volunteers from Tennessee, which, it is to be presumed, have been raised before this time, and are now on their march to Fort Scott. There is such a "magic in a name," that it is presumable the campaign will soon come to a close."

UNFORTUNATE.

Among the criminal cases, at a late court in Boston, was that of a young lady of respectable connections for stealing an Indispensable, containing 50 dollars. She had been ruined by the insidious protestations of a wretch, who had blasted her reputation, and left her to the mercy of a world, where

"Every sigh a tear can claim
"Except an *erring sister's shame.*"

The cells of vice is the only worldly asylum for an injured woman—in this wretched state, dead to all the make life desirable, and insensible to the dictates of right and wrong, they are hurried to the commission of acts, which, had not misfortune assailed them, they had never known. Such faults are indeed misfortunes—the culprit notwithstanding, must answer the law—but there is another *law*, another *tribunal*—there, thank God, the DESPOILER answers.

[*Albany Register.*

Cause of the fall of leaves in Autumn.

The simplest phenomena in nature, are generally those the cause of which is least known. This Phenomenon we yearly witness and pass it over as one too common even to merit attention. The celebrated Carnot well known for his knowledge in Military affairs, is the only person of whom we have read that has investigated this subject. Mr. Carnot first observed that certain trees begin to throw off their leaves from top to bottom, while others on the contrary as invariably throw off their leaves from the bottom towards the top. He found that in general the species in which autumnal shoots consist of simple prolongations of the extremities of the branches, are first stripped at bottom, and those in which this shoot takes place by small lateral branches, begin to throw off the leaves at top; or in other words that those leaves which ought to be the most tender resisted the frost longest; this proved to him it is not the frost which makes the leaves fall off, but that this fall is a necessary and ordinate effect of the process of vegetation; and that either by the developement of the shoot, or by an interior alteration prepared by nature, the petiole is detached when the progress of its nutrition has brought on the moment when the texture ought to be dissolved which served as its lien. Thus when a tree from any given causes perishes in the season of vegetation, its leaves preserve their adherence.

From the Baltimore Patriot.

APROPOS.

The case of Colonel Anderson, which pounced so unexpectedly on the attention of congress, has already induced a hasty and brilliant discussion on the extent of the powers and *privileges* of that body.—As the question seems to be not yet well digested, and will hereafter afford "food for reflection," we take the liberty of recording in our paper, some suggestions made by the celebrated St. George Tucker, professor of law in the university of William and Mary, and one of the judges of the general court in Virginia. They are to be found in a note to his "View of the Constitution of the United States," commencing at page 200 of the appendix.

These remarks appear to have been elicited by the case of Robt. Randall, which has been cited as a precedent to that of John Anderson. It will be recollected that the former person was several days in custody, and was finally liberated thro' a petition to the house for that purpose.

Having entered into a delineation of the peculiar powers of congress, as defined by the constitution, Judge Tucker subjoins a note in the following terms:

"What further powers or privileges the several houses of congress may constitutionally possess, has now become a question of no small importance. The great Bacon observes, (on the advancement of learning, page 440) "that as exception strengthens the force of a law, in cases not excepted, so enumeration weakens it in cases not enumerated." The powers vested in congress, the privileges of the members, and of each house, are severally enumerated in the constitution: not made exceptions from general powers, not enumerated. Consequently it would appear that they were not capable of extension, beyond the letter of the constitution itself. The twelfth article of the amendments to the constitution seems also not to favor a constructive extension of the powers of the federal government, or any department thereof; yet a case has occurred, which shews that the house of representatives have put a different construction on their powers. On the 28th of December 1795, on information given by several members in their places (not upon oath) of an attempt to corrupt them made by one Robert Randall, it was "Resolved, that Mr. Speaker do issue "his warrant directed to the sergeant at "arms attending this house, commanding "him to take into custody, wherever "to be found, the body of the said Ro"bert Randall, and the same in his cus"tody to keep, subject to the further or"der and direction of the house."

After presenting a detail of the proceedings as published by order of the house, Judge Tucker thus concludes:

"Upon these proceedings a few remarks may not be deemed impertinent in this place."

1. By the amendments to the constitution, no person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law.

Due process of law as described by sir Edward Coke, [2 Inst. page 50] is by indictment or presentment of good and lawful men, where such deeds be done in due manner, or by writ original of the common law. Due process of law must then be had before a judicial court, or a judicial magistrate. The judicial power of the United States is vested in one supreme court, and such inferior tribunals, as congress may establish, and extends to all cases in law and equity arising under the constitution, &c. [C. U. S. Art. 3.—In the distribution of the powers of government, the legislative powers were vested in congress—the executive powers (except in the instances particularly enumerated) in the president and senate.—The judicial powers (except in the cases particularly enumerated in the first article) in the courts: the word *the*, used in defining the powers of the executive, and of the judiciary, is, with these exceptions, co-extensive in its signification with the word *all*, for all the powers granted by the constitution are either legislative, and executive, or judicial; to keep them for ever separate and distinct, except in the cases positively enumerated, has been uniformly the policy, and constitutes one of the fundamental principles of the American government.

2. It will be urged, perhaps, that the house of representatives of the U. States is, like a British house of commons, a judicial court; to which the answer is, it is neither established as such by the constitution (except in respect to its own members) nor has it been, nor can it be so established by authority of congress; for all the courts of the U. States must be composed of judges commissioned by the President of the U. States, and holding their offices during good behaviour, and not by the unstable tenure of biennial elections.

3. The amendments to the constitution [Art. 6] expressly provide, "that no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause supported by oath or affirmation." The speaker's warrant for apprehending Randall was not supported by either; for the word affirmation must be understood as such a solemn asseveration by persons religiously scrupulous of swearing, as amounts in judicial proceedings to an oath, in point of obligation and penal consequences, and not to a bare assertion, however positive, made in any other manner. That the information of the members was made in the solemn manner before mentioned, or that their oath was dispensed with on account of religious scruples, cannot be presumed, since they were all sworn to their several declarations on the fourth of January, and not before.

4. The amendments to the constitution [Art 7] expressly provide, that no person shall be held to answer to a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on presentment, or indictment of a grand jury. Randall's offence was certainly an infamous crime, for which he deserved exemplary punishment. On the twenty-ninth of December, being brought to the bar in custody, it was demanded of him whether he did admit or deny the truth of the charge against him; to which he answered, that he was not prepared to admit or deny the same. On the fourth of January, being again brought to the bar in custody, it was demanded of him by Mr. Speaker what he had to say in his defence; to which he answered, that he was not guilty. Here then Randall was held to answer for an infamous crime, without indictment or presentment of a grand jury.

5. The constitution provides, that the trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by a jury. [Art. 3.

After the prisoner had pleaded not guilty, and made an application to the house that the informations might be sworn to, the house (after some preliminary proceedings) "resumed the hearing of his trial, and made some progress therein;" the next day they resumed it, and resolved to "proceed to a final decision on the said case" the next day.

6. The amendments to the constitution [C. U. S. Art. 1, Sec. 3] provide, that in all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a special and public trial by an impartial jury of the state and district where the crime shall have been committed.

On the sixth of January the house proceeded to a final decision on the case of Robert Randall.

Five members of the house were for accusers, triers, and judges: four of them voted him guilty—the fifth voted with the minority; whether, as not conceiving him guilty, or as not conceiving the house to be a proper tribunal to condemn him, (both questions being blended in the resolution) does not appear. Was this trial by an impartial jury? A[illegible]

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Extract from an act of the corporation of Alexandria for the extinguishment of Fires.

SECTION 7. If any person who shall be present at any fire, shall neglect or refuse to obey the order or direction of any officer who shall be appointed by any fire company now established or which may be hereafter established, knowing him to be an officer, such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars; Provided the name of such officer shall have been first published in one of the public papers.

At a meeting of the Friendship Fire Company, held at Mr. Shields' tavern, January 12, 1818, the following officers were elected for the present year, viz.

Charles McKnight, 1st
James Carson, 2d } Commanders
James S. Scott, 3d

Charles Pascoe,
Matthew Robinson,
Samuel Smith, } Subordinate Directors

Thomas Towers,
Presley Jacobs,
Samuel B. Larmour,
James Galt, } Regulators

John Longden,
Thomas Mount,
James Douglass,
David Marll, } Trustees

Extract from the minutes,
Test, MATTHEW ROBINSON,
February 2—3t Secretary.

For Norfolk.

The packet schooner Gen Washington, will sail on Saturday. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, or to JOHN M'COBB.
February 4.

Postponement.

OWING to the day being unfavorable, the sale of the land (formerly Lyle's) did not take place as advertised on the premises, but it will be peremptorily sold on the 16th day of this month, being the third Monday, and Court-day, at Fairfax Court-House.—This land is situated in the county of Loudon, on both sides of the Little River Turnpike Road, 26 miles from Alexandria, and 18 1-2 from Leesburg. It is well watered, and a considerable proportion is in wood. The quantity is 752 acres. One third of the purchase money will be required in hand, and the balance in two annual payments, bearing interest from the day of sale, and satisfactorily secured. Mr. Bradshaw, living on the land will shew it. COLIN AULD.
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December 18 thstu

Forty Dollars Reward.

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December 13 stuthsf

"Resolved, that Mr. Speaker do issue "his warrant directed to the sergeant at "arms attending this house, commanding him to take into custody, wherever "to be found, the body of the said Robert Randall, and the same in his custody to keep, subject to the further order and direction of the house."

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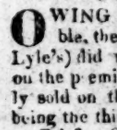

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ABIAL HOLBROOK.
December 13 stuthtf

THEATRE.

The Managers are under the disagreeable necessity of again claiming the public indulgence; but when the cause is known, they trust that without further preface it will plead their apology.

Mrs. Entwisle has been suddenly and seriously attacked with a violent indisposition; so much so as to prevent her appearance for some time. TIMOUR THE TARTAR will, however, without fail, be presented on Saturday next, and Mrs. Durang will, in the interim, prepare herself for the part of Zorilda. The temporary delay will be attended with this advantage, that several of the pieces of machinery which were not quite finished will be entirely ready, and the spectacle elicit a much greater degree of splendor and magnificence.

On SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 7,
(*And no postponement on any account whatever*)
Will be presented the grand spectacle of
TIMOUR the TARTAR,
WITH ENTIRE NEW SCENERY, MACHINERY, DRESSES AND DECORATIONS.

The scenery painted by Mr. Grain and assistants, the machinery by Messrs. Varden, Ashe and assistants.

Timour (Khan of the Afghan Tartars) Mr. Caldwell
Agib (Prince of Mingrelia) Mrs. Legg
Bermeddin Mr. Carr
Abdalec E. Emberton
Octar Hayes
Kerim } 2 rival chieftains in love with Selima { Parker
Sanballat } { Tatnell
Orasmin Emberton
Oglou Entwisle
Georgians, Tartars, Africans, &c. Messrs. Wynne, Stewart, &c.
Zorilda (Princess of Mingrelia) Mrs. Durang
Selima (in love with Kerim) Monier
Liska Miss Trajetta

A description of the most prominent scenery, &c.

Act 1. The interior of Timour's Fortress, with a BRIDGE in the back ground—on one side of the stage a TOWER in which Agib is confined. A MAGNIFICENT PROCESSION of the Tartars over the Bridge on HORSEBACK, conducting ZORILDA, who is *mounted on a Courser* richly caparisoned; the COURSER KNEELS and Zorilda dismounts.

Scene 3. A SPIRITED TOURNAMENT. Timour and Zorilda enter and seat themselves on thrones to witness the *Combat of Kerim & Sanballat*, who at that moment enter the LISTS on HORSEBACK. Kerim's Horse takes part in the combat, and drags Sanballat to the ground. Kerim dismounts and proposes to renew the combat on foot—the horses are led away and the fight begins. Kerim falls and loses his sword; his rival rushes to despatch him: at that instant,

Kerim's Horse interposes to save his Master.

Sanballat in fury stabs the Horse,
Who falls and expires at his Master's feet.

Act 2. A splendid BRIDAL CHAMBER, belonging to Timour.

The Last Scene represents TIMOUR'S FORTRESS BY MOONLIGHT. A TREMENDOUS CATARACT & WATERFALL over which is an arched bridge. One side of the stage represents the EXTERIOR of TIMOUR'S FORTRESS. A variety of smaller Towers and Terraces appear in the perspective.

During this scene, the Georgians and Mingrelians engage the Tartars on horse and foot. Timour himself ON HORSEBACK appears and encourages his troops—he becomes personally engaged, and is dismounted—he is pursued and not having time to enter a PORTCULLIS leading to the interior of his castle, he climbs the battlements, and reaches in safety the TURRET'S TOP—he brings forth Zorilda and threatens to destroy her unless Agib, who has escaped to the Georgians, is restored to him—she breaks from him and runs to the bridge, from which she leaps into the water—Agib on horseback rushes after her.—The Georgians with a BATTERING-RAM make a breach in Timour's castle—ALL THE HORSES ENTER.—At the conclusion of the General Engagement, Agib having recovered *his mother, returns with her on horseback.* TIMOUR IS OVERTHROWN, but Zorilda spares his life at the intercession of Agib and Oglou.

PRECEDING THE SPECTACLE,
Will be presented the celebrated comedy called

Laugh when you can.

*** Tickets and places for the boxes to be taken of Mr. Howard, at the Box Office on Monday from 10 o'clock till 2, and from 3 until the conclusion of the performance.

☞ To prevent an undue occupation of seats, which gentlemen have been at the trouble of taking in the course of the day, it is particularly requested that they will send their servants as soon as the doors are open, to keep their respective benches until they arrive themselves.

¶ The audience not only having been annoyed, but the managers seriously injured, by persons unlawfully descending from the gallery into the boxes, they give this early notice to say that none but *persons of color* can in future be admitted into it.

Alex. Library Company.

THE Members of the Alexandria Library Company will please to take notice, that an election will be held, at the Library, on Monday 16th inst. between the hours of three and six P. M. for a President and eleven Directors for the ensuing year.
JAS. KENNEDY. Librarian.
February 3 tuths(E.

Wanted,

A FEMALE SERVANT, who is a good Cook, Washer and Ironer.—Also, a Girl to wait in the house. Apply to the Printer. February 2

Bank Stock.

I WISH to purchase 60 shares FARMERS' BANK STOCK, or three or four thousand Dollars in the Banks of Alexandria or Potomac.
JAMES S. SCOTT.
January 28

A Dividend

ON adjusted claims against the effects of Mr. John Throop, is this day declared, payable on Thursday, 5th inst.
ISAAC ROBBINS, Trustee.
February 3 1w

Chewing Tobacco.

100 KEGS prime Chewing Tobacco, (8's) just landing from schr Minerva, from Richmond, and for sale by J. JACKSON & Co.
January 23

Mechanics' Bank Stock.

130 SHARES Mechanics' Bank Stock for sale by
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
January 22

Great Bargains,

CORNER of King and Washington streets.——The subscriber, not intending to combine Wet and Dry Goods together, will sell the remainder of his

Stock of Dry Goods,

at very reduced prices—such as

Broadcloths
Ladies' pelisse do.
Cassimeres
Stockinett
Bennet's cord
Toilinett and Marseilles vestings
Bath coating
Plushings
Blue plains
Flannels
Blankets
} Florence silks
} Sarsnett
} Shirting muslins
} Calicoes; chintz
} Crossbarr'd & striped ginghams
} Seeded, spotted & striped muslins
} Shawls and hdkfs
} Marking canvas
} Cotton and worsted hosiery

And a variety of other articles, well worth your attention, reader.
ISAAC ROBBINS.
February 3 d1wtuths2w

Furnace Ware.

THE subscribers, sole agents for the Hampshire Furnace, have received and will constantly keep a supply of the following articles:

Pots from No. 1 to 12
Dutch ovens do do
Oval do do do
Gridirons; skillets; mortars
Pestles; tea kettles; wash kettles
Andirons; cloaths; boilers, &c.
10 and 6 plate stoves
Franklin do
Cast iron mould and land sides

Which they offer upon as cheap terms as they can be bought in the district.
Castings of any description can be had from the furnace upon short notice.
CALDWELL & JACKSON.
January 29

Mandeville & Larmour,

OFFER FOR SALE,

134 DRUMS Turkey figs
20 bales, sacks and boxes soft shelled almonds
200 boxes muscatel & bloom raisins
30 casks first quality colored Goshen cheese
30 casks western butter, for family use.
600 lbs. Tennessee live feathers
10 hhds. 20 bbls. whiskey
5 hhds rectified do.
10 hhds. northern rum
1 pipe superior Holland gin
30 hhds. Barbados bright molasses
40 hhds. 1st and 2d qual. sugars
130 bags Hav. & St. Domingo coffee
1 case nutmegs and cloves
2 seroons flotant indigo—

With wines, liquors, and groceries as usual.

N. B. Grocers and families can be supplied at the lowest prices, with mould and dipped candles of their own manufactory, of superior qualities to those imported from the eastward. Boxes exchanged. January 9

New Piano Forte Music.

THE following are a part of the Piano Forte Music lately received for sale by the subscriber, viz:

Steibelt's Grand Concerto, in which is introduced an imitation of a storm
Haydn's Grand Orchestra Sinfonia
Martini's Grand Overture to Henry IV.
6 Sonatas by Nicolia, op. 11
6 do. by Dussek, op. 28
3 do. by Steibelt, op. 51
6 do. by Hook, op. 54
2 do. by Dussek, No. 1 and 2
4 do. by Nicolia, No. 0, 1, 2 and 3
Kotzwara's Battle of Prague
6 Sonatinos by Pleyel
3 do. by Steibelt, op. 72
4 do. by Pleyel, No. 1, 2, 3 & 4

January 28 R. GRAY.

Boarding.

MRS. WADSWORTH has removed to Pitt-street, between Prince and Duke streets, opposite the new St. [illegible] Church, where she can accommodate ladies and gentlemen with genteel boarding. January 23

Mississippi Stock

FOR sale by the subscribers—who wish to purchase FLAXSEED—and have just received for sale,
10 bales tow cloth, and a few bags soft shelled almonds.
JOHN KETTELL & CO.
January 20 2w

Fish Barrels.

I WILL contract to deliver at Pomonkey warehouse, by the 20th March next, from 800 to 1000 white and red oak FISH BARRELS, at the market price.
WM. D. BEALL,
near Piscataway.
January 19

NATIONAL LOTTERY,

For building two Lancastrian School-Houses, a Penitentiary, and a City Hall, in the City of Washington.

1 prize of 30,000 dolls.

1 of 20,000, 2 of 10,000, 3 of 5,000, &c.
Commences drawing in June next, and will be completed in twelve days drawing only.
Present price of Tickets, 25 dollars.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	30,000	dollars
1 of	20,000	dollars
2 of	10,000	dollars
3 of	5,000	dollars
5 of	1,000	dollars
6 of	500	dollars
20 of	100	dollars
100 of	50	dollars
2000 of	25	dollars

2168 prizes
3832 blanks. Only 6000 Tickets, and not two blanks to a prize.

Whole Tickets	$25	each.
Halves	12	50
Quarters	6	25
Fifths	5	
Eighths	3	12

☞ A few tickets for sale on commission by K. GRAY.
January 21 dtf

Notice.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of PENN & HANNON, was dissolved on the 20th of April last, by mutual consent. The business has been conducted since and will be in future, under the firm of WILLIAM & WALTER HANNON, who are fully authorised to settle the accounts of the former firm.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Have now on hand, and offer for sale at the same old stand on Royal street, between King and Prince streets, a handsome assortment of

Plain and Elegant Furniture,

Consisting of the following articles:

Sideboards
Beaureaus
Tables
Bedsteads
Secretary & book cases
} Ladies work stands
} Candle stands
} Sofas
} Easy chairs
} Hair and moss mattrasses, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold at the most reduced prices for cash, or to punctual customers at their usual credit. We also carry on the TURNING BUSINESS, both of wood and iron. The above business will be punctually attended to, and all those that please to favor us with their custom we trust will receive general satisfaction.
WM. & WALTER HANNON.
November 7 tf

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, Alexandria county, } 1817

IN CHANCERY.

William Veitch and Benoni Wheat, under the firm of William Veitch & Co. *Complainants,*

AGAINST

Sophia Carter and the President and Directors of the Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, *Defendants.*

THE defendant Sophia Carter, not having entered her appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said Sophia Carter is not an inhabitant of this district—On motion of the said complainants, by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant, Sophia Carter, do appear here on the first day of the next court, and enter her appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendants, the President and Directors of the Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, do not pay away, convey, or secrete the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Sophia Carter, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.
Test, G. DENEALE, c. c.
January 30

Sales at Auction.

By P. G. MARSTELLER.

On FRIDAY, at 10 A. M.
Will be sold at the Vendue store, corner of Prince and Water streets,
1 bale superfine broadcloths
1 cassimeres
1 Flushings
1 Plains
1 case Corduroys
Irish linens
English sheetings
Domestics
Cambric, and book muslins
Ginghams
Woollen hosiery
Buckskin, kid and beaver gloves
Sewing silks, cottons, threads, &c.

ALSO,

5 kegs prime chewing tobacco
5 bbls muscovado sugar
3 boxes glassware
10 cases cut nails
2 qr casks Teneriffe wine
6 dozen wire sifters, &c.

Will be added to Tuesday's sale,
2 cases horn combs

ALSO,

A quantity of ready made clothing.
February 3

Book Auction.

On MONDAY EVENING, 6 o'clock,
Will be sold, at the auction room, a large and general assortment of BOOKS, consisting of Law, Theology, Poems, History, Novels, Romances and Miscellany—Catalogues of which may be had at the auction room, and the books viewed on the morning of the day of sale.
P. G. MARSTELLER.
February 5.

On SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock,
Will be sold, without reserve, at the storehouse lately occupied by John Douglass & Co. on Prince, between Water and Union streets,
48 hhds.
3 tierces } first quality SUGARS.
6 barrels }
Terms liberal, and made known at the place of sale.
P. G. MARSTELLER.
February 5

By JOHN JACKSON & Co,

On SATURDAY, 10 A. M.
Will be sold at our Auction Rooms, Union-street,
40 boxes mould candles
4 bbls molasses
3 tierces fresh rice
20 boxes pipes
10 bbls herring
8 hhds. muscovado sugar
35 bbls. Albany beer and porter
4 kegs gunpowder
10 boxes woollen and cotton cards
2 boxes and 10 demijohns Madeira Wine
1 pipe and 1 bbl. Fr. brandy

IMMEDIATELY AFTER,

2 bales ticklenburgs
2 hessians
A quantity damaged linens
1 bale superfine cloths, blues, blacks drabs, olives and browns
1 bale cassimeres, assorted colors
1 real company bandannos
1 case levantines, first quality
Superb merino shawls
Second quality do.
Levantine shawls, hosiery
Black lace veils, mull mull muslins
Linen cambric handkerchiefs
Uncut silk velvet, taffata ribbons
Checks, shirtings, chambrays
Pocket handkerchiefs, beaver gloves
6-4 Carlisle ginghams, tapes
Counterpanes, cords, velvets
Trible gilt coat buttons, cotton balls
Pins, Canton handkerchiefs
Irish linens and long lawns
7 bales 7-8 brown linens.

ALSO,

A quantity of ready made cloihing.
Conditions at sale.
February 4

Ginseng.

WANTED a quantity of Ginseng, of a fair merchantable quality, for which cash will be given by
BARNEWALL & POPHAM.
January 23 d3ttuf4w

Piano Forte.

JUST received for sale, by the subscriber, a very extensive assortment of MUSIC for the PIANO FORTE, consisting of
Sonatas, Sonatinos, Duets, Lessons, Waltzes, Songs, &c. &c.
Also, one square and an upright cabinet Piano Forte. ROBERT GRAY.
January 27

Paper.

THE subscriber, agent for an extensive paper manufactory, will constantly keep on hand for sale the following kinds, viz: Letter and cap and common medium and super royal printing paper, various qualities, blue medium and cap, paste board, band box, press and bonnet paper, tea and wrapping ditto.—Contracts made with printers and others on accommodating terms.
ADIJAH ADAMS,
Central Wharf.
January 6 tuf4w

HOUSES, LOTS, &c.

For Rent,

THE Rooms over and Back Buildings attached to the Fire Insurance Office on Royal street.

Apply at this office.

December 25

To Rent,

A CONVENIENT FRAME HOUSE, on Wilkes-st. opposite Mrs. Slacum's, lately occupied by Major George Triplet. Possession may be had immediately. Apply to

JOHN C. VOWELL.

January 29 thstuwStf

To Rent,

THAT very valuable stand for the grocery business, at present occupied by the subscriber, situate between Water and Union streets, and near Conway's wharf.

I wish also to sell a Lot of Ground adjoining the above property—it will be sold a bargain. For terms apply to

JAMES YOUNG.

January 31 stuthtf

For Sale,

A TRACT of LAND, in Fairfax county, Va. containing 280 acres. About 18 acres of this land is well timbered, and the balance very susceptible of improvement. Situated about twelve miles from Alexandria, and five from Occoquan. Terms one half cash, and the balance in three months. If not sold in one month, it will be sold at public sale. Apply to Alfred Simpson, Fairfax county, or CRAVEN CASH.

February 3

Public Sale.

ON Saturday, the 14th February, at 11 o'clock, will be sold on the premises the HOUSES and LOT, on the south side of King-street, occupied by James Kennedy & Son.

Also, the HOUSE and LOT, on the north of King and corner of Henry sts. occupied by John Fortney. Terms made known at sale.

ISAAC ROBBINS,
H. B. DEAGAN,
JOHN GIRD,
Commissioners.

Jan. 31—ts

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a decree of the circuit court of the district of Columbia, at Alexandria, will be offered at public sale, at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 21st day of February next, on the premises, a LOT of GROUND, in the town of Alexandria, on the south side of King-street and east side of Henry-street, at their intersection; in front on King-street 49 feet 5 inches, and on Henry-street 100 feet; subject to an annuity in fee of 100 dollars. On one half of the purchase money a credit of three months will be allowed, and on the other half a credit of six months, the payments to be secured by approved endorsed notes, and the title to be retained until the payments shall have been made.—By order of the commissioners,

P. G. MARSTELLER, Auc.

January 19 mwfts

Valuable Land for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell two valuable Tracts of Land—one situated in the upper part of Fairfax county, adjoining the lands of Samuel G. Griffith, and bounded north by the Potomac river, containing 700 acres, about one half in wood; of the cleared land a considerable proportion is first river bottom, equal in fertility to any in Virginia; the upland is well situated for farming and of a good quality. There is also a mill seat on the Tract of considerable value. This farm is worth the attention of any person wishing to engage in the farming business, as it certainly is not exceeded by any in the county (perhaps state) as a farm of profit, and may be had on reasonable terms. Mr. John Bicksler, who resides near the land, will shew it, and Mr. Wm. M'Carty of Loudoun county, or Mr. John W. Bronaugh of Georgetown, D. C. will make known the terms. If this Tract is not disposed of before the *2nd of MARCH*, it will then be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, at Wiley's Tavern, on the road leading from Alexandria to Leesburg.

The other Tract contains 1000 acres, and is the upper and most valuable part of the Tract I live on. It is situated ten miles below Alexandria, and bounded N. by Accotink creek. This Tract will be divided to suit purchasers, if found necessary. Persons wishing to purchase will apply to the subscriber living at Cedar Grove, who will shew the land and make known the terms.

EDGAR M'CARTY.

January 23 thstuts

BEING desirous of having as little trouble as possible in keeping book accounts, I would beg those that deal with me to send orders, and not for less than one dollar at a time.

I will rent a part of my house for a large wholesale dry good or grocery, or retail, or both, with a good cellar and compting room, by the year or otherwise.

Or, all the concern I now live at, but not for less than five years; or I will sell the whole at a fair price—80 feet on King-street, and 100 deep. No better stand in the street.

A very neat little brick house to let in Duke-street, between Patrick and Henry streets. ALEX. PERRY.

Bank stock for sale:

Enquire of the Printer.

October 10 mwtf

CHARLES COUNTY COURT,
August Term 1817.

ON application to Charles county court by petition in writing of Williamson Cox, of Charles county, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned herein, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said Williamson Cox has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application in the state of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said Williamson Cox is in actual confinement for debt, and the said Williamson Cox having entered into bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Charles county court, to answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him—It is therefore ordered and adjudged that the said Williamson Cox be discharged from imprisonment—and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited in the district of Columbia once a week for two months successively before the third Monday of March next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court, at Charles-Town in said county, on the said third Monday of March next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause why the said Williamson Cox should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws as prayed. Given under my hand this sixth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

Test, JOHN BARNES,
Clerk of Charles county court.

January 8 12w8w

CHARLES COUNTY COURT,
August Term, 1817.

ON application to Charles County Court, by petition in writing of Samuel C. S. Jack, of Charles County, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto on the terms mentioned therein, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said Samuel C. S. Jack has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application in the state of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said Samuel C. S. Jack is in actual confinement for debt, and the said Samuel C. S. Jack having entered into bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Charles County Court, and answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him: It is therefore ordered and adjudged that the said Samuel C. S. Jack be discharged from imprisonment, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited in the district of Columbia, once a week for two months successively, before the third Monday of March next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court, at Charlestown in said county, on the said third Monday of March next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause why the said James G. Bateman should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws of this state as prayed. Given under my hand this 9th day of December, 1817.

Teste. JOHN BARNES, Clk.

December 11 th2m

CHARLES COUNTY COURT,
August Term, 1817.

ON application to Charles County Court by petition in writing of James G. Bateman of Charles County, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned therein, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said James G. Bateman has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application, in the state of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said James G. Bateman is in actual confinement for debt, and the said James G. Bateman having entered into bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Charles County Court, to answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him: It is therefore ordered and adjudged, that the said James G. Bateman be discharged from imprisonment, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited in the district of Columbia, once a week for two months successively, before the third Monday of March next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court, at Charlestown in said county, on the said third Monday of March next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause why the said James G. Bateman should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws of this state as prayed. Given under my hand this 9th day of December, 1817.

Teste. JOHN BARNES, Clk.

December 11 th2m

District of Columbia, to wit.

November Term, Alexandria county, } 1817

IN CHANCERY.

William F. Thornton, *Complainant.*

AGAINST

James Dickerson, William Conn, James Anderson, James English and David M. Black, *Defendants.*

THE defendants James Dickerson and William Conn not having entered their appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said James Dickerson and William Conn are not inhabitants of this district—On motion of the complainant by his counsel it is ordered that the said defendants Jas. Dickerson and William Conn do appear here on the first day of the next court, and enter their appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants James Anderson, Jas. English and David M. Black do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendants James Dickerson and Wm. Conn until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

Test G. DENEALE, c. c.

January 31

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, to wit:

November Term, Alexandria county, } 1817

IN CHANCERY.

Isaac Robbins, administrator of Thompson Violett, *Complainant,*

AGAINST

Aquilla Johns and James Veitch, *Defendants.*

THE defendant Aquilla Johns, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said defendant Aquilla Johns, is not an inhabitant of this district—On motion of the said complainant it is ordered, that the said Aquilla Johns do appear here on the first day of the next court and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendant James Veitch, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant Aquilla Johns, until the further order or decree of this court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

Test. G. DENEALE, c. c.

January 27

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, to wit.

November Term, Alexandria county, } 1817

IN CHANCERY.

James Fleming, Joseph Mandeville and Samuel B. Larmour, under the firm of James Fleming & Co. *Complainants,*

AGAINST

Alexander Compton, James Anderson, John Poe, James English and David M. Black, *Defendants.*

THE defendant, Alexander Compton, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said Alexander Compton is not an inhabitant of this district—On motion of the said complainants by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant, Alexander Compton, do appear here on the first day of the next court, and enter his appearance to suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants, James Anderson, John Poe, James English and David M. Black, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Alexander Compton, until the further order or decree of this court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

Test, G. DENEALE, c. c.

January 28

Valuable Family Medicines.

JUST received, direct from the proprietors, the following valuable MEDICINES, all of which have been in use for a number of years past, in almost every part of the United States; have been highly patronized by people of the first respectability; and approved by those who have had occasion to make use of them, for the cure of those disorders for which they are severally calculated.

Dr. Lee's Genuine (Windham) Bilious Pills,

Universally known and used throughout the United States as a family medicine. The fame of these pills has become so great, that many have attempted to counterfeit them—to guard against this, the proprietors have procured a stereotype label, and each box of Genuine Lee's Pills will hereafter be enclosed in one of these labels, with these words on the sides: "Lee's Genuine Windham Bilious Pills," and on the end of the label the words, "Samue Lee, patentee, &c. I. Thompson, agent, joint proprietor," &c. and should any be offered for sale without said label on them the purchaser may be apprised that they are counterfeit.

Dr. Thompson's celebrated Eye Water,

For the cure of inflamed and sore eyes of almost every description. This valuable preparation comes highly recommended from the most respectable sources.—Price 50 and 25 cents a bottle.

Dr. Rawson's Genuine Itch Ointment,

A certain and safe cure for that disagreeable complaint, as well as other irruptions of the skin. Price 37½ cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomachic Bitters,

For weakly and infirm constitutions. Price 37½ cents a box.

Hinckley's Infallible Remedy for the Piles,

A most valuable medicine. Price 50 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste,

For whitening and preserving the teeth—it may be used with the greatest safety. Price 50 cents a box.

Specific Drops for the Tooth Ache,

Which, in almost every case, gives instant relief in that distressing complaint. Price 37½ cents a bottle.

Cooley's Vegetable Elixir, for Coughs, Asthmas, Consumptions, &c.

A very valuable medicine in those complaints. Price 50 cents a bottle.

For sale, in Alexandria, by Dr. *Rich'd. H. Little*; in Washington City, by Dr. *David Ott*; in Georgetown, by Dr. *John Ott, Otho M. Linthium & Co.* and *Nathaniel Jew B.*

James Kennedy & Son,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have just received from *LEE'S MEDICINE STORE,* No. 46, Maiden lane, New-York, a fresh supply of the following valuable MEDICINES:

Hamilton's Worm-destroying Lozenges,

Which have within sixteen years past cured an immense number of persons of both sexes of every age and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from WORMS, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar titles so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent & is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. The lozenges are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions, feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body are chiefly of four kinds viz.—The Teres or large round worm; the Ascarides or small maw-worm; the Cucurbitine or short flat white worm; and lastly, the Tænia or tape-worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and most difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms are—disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums; itching in the nose, and about the seat; convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food and sometimes voracious; purging with slimy and fœtid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; pains in the head and thighs and lowness of spirits; slow fever with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent "the vomiting and purging of children"—a dreadful disorder, which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

For the prevention and cure of BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS is recommended

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance: they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—To parents who have children afflicted with the *HOOPING COUGH*, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders	Violent cramps in the stomach and back
Consumptions	Indigestion
Lowness of spirits	Melancholy
Loss of appetite	Gout in the stomach
Impurity of blood	Pains in the limbs
Hysteric affection	Relaxations, etc.
Inward weaknesses	
and debility	

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, etc. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaister.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflamatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

☞ At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article in this advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by

JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
King-st. Alexandria.

september 26

Alexandr

VOL. XVIII.]

For Norfolk.

The packet schooner Gen. Washington, will sail on Saturday. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, or to JOHN M'COBB.

Feb uary 4.

For Hamburg,

The schooner ELLEN, Josiah Bartlett master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged and on board, will sail on or about the 15th Feb. For freight of a few hhds. or passage, apply to BARNEWALL & POPHAM.

January 28 tf

For Sale or Freight,

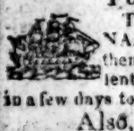
The ship MARIA, burthen 3500 barrels, is an excellent vessel, in complete order for the immediate reception of a cargo—the whole or part of her will be sold low, or she will take freight on moderate terms.

Also, for Freight,

The ship WILHELMINA, John Baxter master, burthen 4000 barrels, is an excellent vessel, and can be ready in a few days to take a cargo on board. Apply to LAWRASON & FOWLE.

January 28

For Freight,



The superior brig ABEONA, Ansel Lewis master, burthen 2000 barrels, is in excellent order, and can be ready in a few days to receive a cargo on board.

Also, for Freight,

The brig WASHINGTON, captain Picket, burthen about 1400 barrels, a good vessel, and in complete order for any voyage.

Apply to LAWRASON & FOWLE.

For Rotterdam,

The brig COMMERCE, John Wade master, has the principal part of her cargo ready to go on board, and will commence loading in four days. For freight of 40 hhds. apply to LAWRASON & FOWLE.

For Cadiz,

The brig BOSTON, capt. Knowles, has half her cargo ready, and will commence loading in a few days—300 bbls. will be taken at a moderate freight Apply as above. Dec. 10

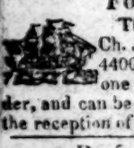
French Plaster & Burr Stones.

THE cargo of the ship Atlas, Charles Jennison, master, from Havre, of
370 tons plaster
1200 burr stones—for sale by
LAWRASON & FOWLE.

ALSO,

The cargo of the brig Mungo Park, C. Lincoln, master, from Boston, of
17 pipes } Sicily Madeira wine,
2 of pipes } of superior quality
15 sacks filberts
100 tons plaster

For Freight,



The superior ship ATLAS, Ch. Jennison master, burthen 4400 bbls. has performed but one voyage, is in complete order, and can be ready in a few days for the reception of a cargo.

Burr Mill Stones

JOHN S. BROWN & Co inform the public that they have on hand a large supply of Burr Mill Stones, which they continue to make at their manufactory, on Patrick, near King street, and will warrant them to be equal in quality to any made in the United States, which they will sell at the most reduced prices for cash. Dec. 2—tuthstf

This Day Landing,

FROM on board the brig Benefactor Captain Howland, from Marseilles, and for sale by N. KEENE,

Hermitage & Muscatel wines in cases
Hats in boxes
Figs in do.
Prunes in do.
Corks in bags
Writing and Wrapping Paper in bales
80 sacks salt.

HE HAS IN STORE,

50 bales German Linens
150 boxes Raisins
18 qr casks Sherry Wine, sup. q'y.
1000 bushels Cadiz Salt.

January 13 tf

Little River Turnpike Comp.

JANUARY 12, 1818.

A DIVIDEND of six per cent. for the year ending on the 31st December, 1817, is this day declared, and will be paid to the stockholders in this company or their legal representatives, on demand by order of the stockholders.

JONAH THOMPSON, Treas.

January 14 wfm1m